



Implementation of the VGGTs in LDN programmes. Insights from Benin, Madagascar, Malawi, Kenya



Land Degradation Neutrality: Beyond hopes

- From the 129 countries that committed to Land Degradation Neutrality (LDN), over 100 set their targets at national level
- A key principle in LDN implementation: protect human rights and enhance human well-being

"Actions taken in pursuit of LDN **should not compromise the rights of land users** (especially small-scale farmers and indigenous populations). These actions should support livelihoods, and should not diminish the productive capacity or cultural value of the land" UNCCD

Decision 26/COP.14 a landmark Decision that encourages parties to *recognize legitimate tenure rights* and follow the *principles of the VGGTs* in LDN initiatives

GSW project



Analyze tenure rights in LDN



Explore safeguards



Co-develop approaches

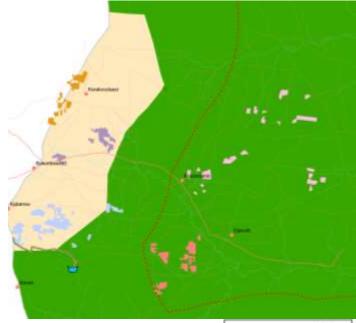


Inform global processes

A project designed to support the implementation of UNCCD Decision 26/COP.14 that encourages parties to *recognize legitimate tenure rights* and follow the *principles of the VGGTs* in LDN initiatives

Findings

- A lot of planning instruments and management mechanisms, limited implementation on the ground
- Communities lack institutional and technical capacities to claim and safeguard their land rights:
- Municipalities need institutional and technical capacities to uptake tenure right formalization processes
- Limited awareness and participation: Municipalities are often not aware of countries' commitments and not associated in the formulation of policy measures

























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